

Ribbon Cutting: Grand Opening

From left to right: Lisa Montgomery-Reid, Regional Vice President of Operations, First Nations Health Authority; Dr. Mark Masterson, Vice President of Medicine for Interior Health (IHA); Adam Nicholas, Core Services Director at Ktunaxa Nation Council (behind Dr. Masterson): Wayne Price, Mayor of Cranbrook; Darrin Jamieson, CAO of Ktunaxa Nation Council (KNC); Diane Whitehead, Collaborative Health Coordinator, IHA; Dallas Cardinal, ?aq́am Councillor; ?aq́am Nasu?kin Cheryl Casimer; Debbie Whitehead, Social Investment Advisor at KNC; KNC Chair Kathryn Teneese; ?akisqnuk Councillor Janice Alpine; Jared Basil, Ktunaxa Cultural Framework Ambassador; Sheila Muxlow, Director of Social Investment Sector at KNC; and Jason Andrew, ?aqam Councillor. Mural by Darcy Roshau.



Health Centre oper

May 8, 2025

Many gathered in ?a·kiskaq‡i?it to mark the opening of the Ktunaxa Nation Regional Health Centre.

Located in downtown Cranbrook at 32 9th Avenue South, the new centre is a hub for health and wellness services for Ktunaxa members, their families and other Indigenous individuals who are living in ?ama?kis Ktunaxa.

The celebration was heralded by the singing and drumming of Eagle Bear Spirit Drum Group, led by Moose Luke, with Bertha Andrew, Deanna Eaton, Joe Pierre and Pete Sanchez. Their songs included an Honour Song.

Jared Basil was emcee. He said, "We appreciate everybody for being mindful of Ktunaxa protocol. Everything we do we, do in line with our values and our beliefs."

Joe Pierre shared the opening prayer, asking Creator to bless the gathering and those present with open hearts and open minds during the day, and to look into the lives of those who may not

have been able to come to the to reclaim spaces within our teropening due to health issues. He ritory. These places that haven't things, including the women and for so long are starting to have He then sang a song to complete And it's important today that we the prayer.

"It's critically important that we can create safe spaces for our people — not just Ktunaxa, but all Indigenous people," said ?aqam Casimer summed up what the Nasu?kin Cheryl Casimer new health centre offers: "The during her remarks.

Casimer said she was happy to be there and to see so many who acknowledged Joe Pierre and Eagle Bear Spirit.

"As I was listening to those songs this morning, I was thinking, When was the last time that this space—here—heard the drums? When was the last time they heard our songs?' Because this used to be one of our main areas,

"It makes me happy knowing that we as a Nation are starting

shared his gratitude for many heard our language and our songs mothers of the Ktunaxa Nation. that happen again. It's important. can talk about this centre, which will provide a quality level of health care for our people, which is sorely needed."

> best care, that is culturally based, for people to come in and access services."

came to join in the opening. She The health centre represents the culmination of decades of healthcare capacity building, as Debbie Whitehead outlined in her remarks.

"The St. Mary's Band, now called ?agam, had Community Health Representatives in each community dating back to the mid-70s," she said. "Florence Alexander ?a kiskaqti?it, this was a main taught me how to navigate patient area we would gather before support and wellness: How to access a doctor, public health and other pathways to wellness."

Continued Page 2



Front row, left to right: Holly Obee, Troy Hunter, Dee Dee White, Chris Joseph, Doreen Alexander, Gloria Hunter, Tabitha Capilo, Andrea Alexander, Jenny Fisher. Second row, left to right: Claire Peyton, (LSV team), Laine Twigg, Shelley Sebastian, Sherry Sebastian, Kristen Whitehead (LSV team), Darcy Fisher, Pete Sanchez, Julian Griggs (LSV team), Maureen McEachen. Third row, left to right: Bryan Evan (LSV team), Seb Martinez, Bertha Andrew, Natasha Burgoyne and son, Doreen White, Naya Duteau (LSV team), Tyson Cristales. Back row, left to right: Joann White, Roberta Gravelle, Max Andrew, Marisa Phillips, Kris Belanger (LSV team).

Introducing... the ?amak?is Ktunaxa Land Stewardship Vision Initiative

KNC Land Stewardship Vision Support Team

ince time immemorial, Ktunaxa ?aqlsmaknik have been stewards of ?amak?is Ktunaxa, as outlined by ?a·knumu¢ti+i+ (Ktunaxa Law). The ?aq+smaknik have a sacred responsibility to care for the land: yakał hankatititki na ?amak: "Our people care for the land, the land cares for our people."

For many years, Ktunaxa have been considering how a territory-wide approach to stewardship might benefit our Nation and strengthen our ability to fulfill this sacred responsibility. Such an approach would be grounded in a vision for how we want ?amak?is Ktunaxa to be looked after, now and into the future.

In January 2024, the Ktunaxa Leadership directed the KNC Lands and Resources Sector to start comprehensive community engagement and technical work—in close collaboration with each Ktunaxa First Nation—to draft a Land Stewardship Vision for ?amak?is Ktunaxa.

What is a Land Stewardship Vision?

A land stewardship vision can help to identify broadly what makes each part of ?amak?is Ktunaxa unique and give direction for what kinds of activities can happen in what parts of the territory under what conditions.

Continued on Page 3

Health Centre Opens, From Page 1

"This was done with kindness and respect, incorporating cultural ways. The centre uses a "circle of care" model or out in front of someone's home.

"Today, KNC Health serves more than 1,400 patients, including over 400 Ktunaxa and Shuswap citizens attached to our nurse practitioners," Whitehead said.

The centre houses the Ktunaxa Nation Health Clinic (which was formerly located in the Ktunaxa Nation Council Government Building).

It connects people to a range of services

through the Ktunaxa Nation Council help individuals and families navigate and partners like Interior Health.

Many times, meeting with families that brings together a range of health could be in the parking lot, inside a car professionals to support clients' physical and mental well-being.

> This team includes Nurse Practitioners, Registered Nurses, Outreach Licensed Practical Nurses, Foot Care Nurses, Counsellors, Mental Health and Addictions Support Workers, Social Workers, and Physiotherapists. Clients also have access to specialist providers, including an Internal Medicine Physician and a Psychiatrist.

> The team will also provide outreach to

the health care system and connect with

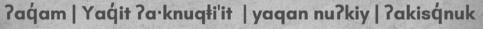
The Ktunaxa Regional Health Centre has been supported through partnerships with the First Nations Health Authority, Interior Health, East Kootenay Primary Care Network, and with support from Indigenous Services Canada, Elk Valley Resources, Canfor, and other community collaborators.

Said Whitehead: "This is more than a facility—it is a commitment to our people and is a step forward in realizing our collective vision of 'strong, healthy Ktunaxa citizens and communities."



LAND STEWARDSHIP **VISIONING** Community Meetings

May 27-30 2025



Join us to learn about the Land Stewardship Vision project, hear about past research on Ktunaxa values, and help to identify key areas within ?amakis Ktunaxa that are important to you

MAY

27

yaqit ?a·knuqti'it- Gym 10 am- 2 pm

?aqam- Dan Joe Memorial Gym

10 am- 2 pm

yaqan nu?kiy- Round House 3:30 pm- 6:30 pm

MAY

?akisģnuk- Lions Hall 10 am- 2 pm

Lunch and door prizes provided

For more information contact: LandsCommunityEngagement@ktunaxa.org





Continued from Page 2

A clear vision for the B.C. portion of ?amak?is Ktunaxa would also enable us to decide how best to balance the need for conservation, restoration and the responsible use of areas of land or resource values for economic development.

A Ktunaxa Land Stewardship Vision enables us to describe—for ourselves and for others—how we wish to see ?amak?is Ktunaxa managed now and into the future. Our vision will fundamentally be an expression of our cultural values and bring to life our cultural perspectives on how the lands and waters across our homeland should be respected and used wisely.

This work will be informed by the many years of past work undertaken with Elders and citizens. It will draw on the many past studies and reports that have been completed to support our collective efforts.

In all aspects of this initiative, the need to protect and manage sensitive or confidential information will be respected.

While the precise format of the land stewardship vision has yet to be determined, it is anticipated that it will be map-based with Ktunaxa stewardship areas, spanning the entire 8.3M hectares of ?amak?is Ktunaxa How will Ktunaxa First

The work needed to develop a Ktunaxa Land Stewardship Vision assumes that when the land is healthy, there are also healthy opportunities for Ktunaxa social and economic well-being.

Why is a Ktunaxa Land **Stewardship vision needed?**

Since the time when settlers first arrived, our territory has faced many pressures from development and use. While we have generally been supportive of responsible economic development that respects our culture and values, the pace and scale of resource extraction in ?amak?is Ktunaxa has often been of concern.

Across many different parts of our territory, land and waterways have been impacted in of our forests, the loss of habitat for wildfrom mining or residential development.

Ktunaxa have been active in managing these development pressures as best we can.

For example, we have responded to referrals from B.C. which are triggered when a development proponent applies for an authorization from a provincial agency.

Ktunaxa representatives have also engaged directly with industrial proponents to discuss ways to mitigate impacts from individual development projects.

We have cooperated with provincial agencies and local governments to develop stewardship plans or conduct monitoring.

We have also been working to strengthen our role in decision making within our territory and ensure that we benefit from development projects, by negotiating government-to-government agreements with B.C., or Impact Management Benefit Agreements (IMBAs) with industry.

that we are in constant struggle to protect living product, meaning it isn't the only our land and our culture.

In the face of development pressures across the landscape that takes many forms, there is a risk that ?amak?is Ktunaxa will suffer 'death by a thousand cuts.

enable our nations to shift from being defensive to being more proactive.

It will help us go from dealing with individual development proposals or impacts on a case-by-case basis to a more strategic approach which covers larger areas of ?amak?is Ktunaxa.

Nations be engaged with this initiative?

Ktunaxa Leaders have been clear in their direction to the project team that the development of a Land Stewardship Vision must include comprehensive community engagement and that any products must reflect community interests, values and objectives.

The Ktunaxa Land Stewardship Vision will be developed through engagement with citizens and in close collaboration with staff and advisors from each Ktunaxa First

Once completed, a Land Stewardship Vision would enable us to engage with greater confidence in any joint planning in different parts of the territory in collaboration with B.C., or with industry, or with other prospective partners.

many ways, for example through the cutting In addition to the review of past surveys and interviews with Ktunaxanintik, and the life, and the pollution of lakes and rivers review of past studies that reflect the views of Ktunaxa citizens and communities, the approach for community engagement includes:

- A series of community events through 2025 including in-person meetings in all four KFN communities and ?ukini‡witiyata (One Heart) sessions on specific topics related to the land stewardship vision.
- Information sharing with ?aqtsmaknik through newsletters and through the Hakqyit website.
- Close liaison and cooperation with the Lands Directors and their staff from each Ktunaxa First Nation.
- Regular updates and discussions with the Lands Advisory Working Group (LAWG).

As the work moves ahead, the project team is committed to being transparent and inclusive of the communities and welcomes all your input to ensure the vision is Ktunaxa led and reflects Ktunaxa values.

Despite these efforts, it is often expressed The Land Stewardship Vision will be a or final representation of Ktunaxa stewardship. As new information is collected, circumstances change, and conditions arise, the vision can be updated and evolve to meet Ktunaxa needs

Gathering on April 8-9

A Ktunaxa Land Stewardship Vision will All Ktunaxa ?aq+smaknik were welcome to join a Nation-Wide Gathering in Cranbrook on April 8 and 9, 2025.

> Forty-two Ktunaxanintik and five KNC staff and contractors gathered to contribute to the creation of a Ktunaxa-led, territory-wide approach to stewardship that can benefit our Nation and strengthen our ability to care for the land.

> There were presentations, lunch, and open dialogue.

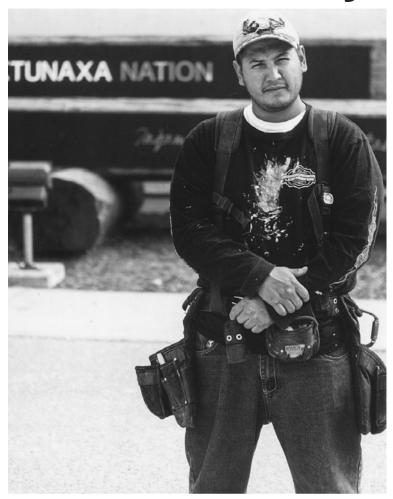
Upcoming Meetings

Ktunaxanińtik are invited to attend **Community Meetings coming up** at the end of May. Please see the poster on this page for details.

Stay tuned for information on an person event in Vancouver in August 2025 to reach Ktunaxanińtik who live in that area.

For questions or comments about the Land Stewardship Vision please contact out Engagement Team at LandsCommunityEngagement@ktunaxa.org

Brandon Alpine Memorial Bursary



Brandon Alpine was the only Ktunaxa member of CMAW Local 2300 in his lifetime, but, through his bursary, future Ktunaxa tradespeople will follow in his footsteps—ensuring he is remembered as the first, not the only. (Photo and story courtesy Janice Alpine)

who is pursuing education in the trades (in particular the Kootenays, in the mines and on dams, roads and in the construction trades of Carpentry, Electrical or bridges. Engineering) may apply for the Brandon Alpine Memorial Bursary to help with tuition and other costs related to working in the trades.

The Brandon Alpine Memorial Bursary was launched "Brandon was one of the first Indigenous union memon his birthday December 28, 2023. It was inspired by Brandon's willingness to share his work with his relatives.

joined forces with his union (Construction Mainte- who was proud of his Indigenous heritage and was

nance and Allied Workers Local 2300 of Cranbrook B.C.), Aecon, and the College of the Rockies to establish the bursary.

Brandon was the only Ktunaxa registered with CMAW Local 2300.

Brandon began his construction journey in the oil fields of Alberta, namely in Fort Mackenzie. His friend Ted Foss suggested he join him in Alberta to trade and a good sense of humour, creating nicknames explore the oilfields. He came home to take training that was offered by the Ktunaxa Nation Council's Employment and Education services (offering 20 certificates in the field) and off he went to begin his career in the oilfields.

Brandon began as a Roughneck, making his way to becoming a Driller. Overall, he worked on the oil rigs for eight years. He decided it was time to come home and, upon returning, enrolled in trades training at the College of the Rockies in the Carpentry Program

After completing his Level 3 he began his construction journey as a third-year carpentry apprentice and eventually enrolled in the union.

Any Indigenous student of College of the Rockies Once in the union, he landed himself many jobs in

Eventually, he was called to other areas in B.C. and Alberta. Every chance he had, he invited his cousins to work with him.

bers and, at the time of his passing, the only Ktunaxa Nation member to belong to CMAW Local 2300 in the Kootenay region," recalls Mark Miller, CMAW Though it remains painful, his mother Janice Alpine Local 2300 representative. "Brandon was a trailblazer

> never afraid to try something Every chance he had,

> > "His passion for the trade led him to work on many projects throughout his career, including the Waneta Dam

expansion, the Sparwood Coal mines, several bridges, and many framing projects.

"Brandon was an easy-going guy with a love for the for everyone he met. Our hope is that through this bursary his spirit will never be forgotten."

Brandon was full of energy and laughter and enjoyed his work immensely.

He shared his knowledge with anyone who would listen and work with him.

You can go to the College of the Rockies Entrance Bursaries and Awards website https://cotr.bc.ca/ student-services/student-support/financial-aid/ entrance-bursaries/ to find out more.

The Brandon Alpine Memorial bursary is available each spring, so check it out. Huyas!

Ktunaxa First Nations oppose proposed Bill 15

Use the QR codes to read the full news releases

Yaqit ?a·knuqiiit First **Nation Opposes Bill 15**

MEDIA RELEASE: EXCERPT

Nasu?kin Heidi Gravelle states that Bill 15 seeks to undermine the work in progress and could have an adverse impact on work and relationships with BC and Industry.

The only path forward for current and future resource projects in ?amak?is Ktunaxa and throughout the rest of B.C. is working in collaboration and engagement with First Nations, upholding and respecting the Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples Act (DRIPA) passed in 2019.



?aqam Oppose Proposed Legislation Aimed at Fast Tracking Projects -Demand Immediate Withdrawal

MEDIA RELEASE: EXCERPT

he invited his cousins

to work with him.

"The Declaration Act is a key part of a principled framework for the Province of British Columbia and First Nations to navigate and effect true reconciliation. This Bill presents a different process that sets us back decades and has the potential for months or even years of conflict," said Nasu?kin Cheryl Casimer.

"While the Premier's recent public statements suggest projects won't proceed with out affected First Nations' consent, that is not expressed anywhere in the draft legislation.

"A 'trust us' model does not work and the Province needs to implement its Interim Approach with respect to this proposed legislation to ensure it aligns with the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, as per its legal commitments."





Above, from left: The IJC's team of Kerry Killoran, the centre's first point of contact; Ali Black, a staff lawyer; and Shelley Bergeron, a resource and support worker; plus Sarah McCoubrey, Director of IJC Transformation, who attended the opening in January. Visit: bcfnjc.com/cranbrook-indigenous-justice-centre

New Indigenous Justice Centre is now operating in Cranbrook

The Indigenous Justice Centre (IJC) has officially opened in Cranbrook, marking a significant step toward accessible and culturally appropriate legal support for Indigenous people.

The Indigenous Justice Centre (IJC) in Cranbrook offers supports to Indigenous people - First Nations, Métis and Inuit – dealing with criminal and child protection matters who otherwise cannot access help through legal aid.

There are plans to expand services to areas like housing and employment

Sarah McCoubrey, director of IJC Transformation, described the centre's opening as "the starting line, not the finish line," highlighting its mission to provide free legal representation, wraparound services, and culturally informed alternatives to the colonial justice system.

Cranbrook IJC offers:

- Meetings with the staff lawyer
- Advocacy and support for dealing with the Ministry of Children & Family Development
- A liaison to help you get support from your First Nation
- · Supports accessing housing, treatment, social services
- Access to culturally relevant supports

The first step for anyone seeking help is to stop by or call. Staff will work to help you decide what services are appropriate for you.

Monday - Friday 8:30am - 4:30pm 44 12th Ave S. Cranbrook Call 259-420-0202

Report from the IMBA

By Alexis Martiq

Ktunaxa Nation Council and Elk Valley Resources (EVR) have an Impact Management Benefit Agreement (IMBA). Part of the agreement entails working groups which involve both Ktunaxa citizens and representatives from EVR.

Update on the PTG: Procurement Task Group

The PTG is making strides to strengthen economic opportunities for Ktunaxa businesses through strategic procurement ini-

This helps ensure Ktunaxa businesses have access to contracts and economic partnerships with EVR.

The task group operates under the Procurement & Employment Operational Working Group (PEOWG), following a 10-year strategic plan developed in 2017.

The group meets regularly to:

- Discuss contracting opportunities at EVR
- Improve collaboration between Ktunaxa businesses and EVR
- Review procurement trends and business performance
- Support a business environment where Ktunaxa businesses and Ktunaxa entrepreneurs can succeed

Ktunaxa businesses benefiting from EVR contracts

A key part of the task group's work is ensuring that Ktunaxa-owned businesses benefit from procurement opportunities at EVR.

These businesses provide a range of products and services, from construction to industrial safety and hospitality.

Ktunaxa companies currently providing products & services to EVR include:

Construction. **Environmental** & Safety

Kettle River Contracting TMM Projects Inc. Yagan Nukiy Dent LLP Nupqu Resource LP Ka·kin Chemco Corporation **ProActive Safety** Big Chief Industrial

Other Sectors

St. Eugene Resort Ktunaxa artisans Caterers

The Procurement Task Group expands Ktunaxa business opportunities with EVR

Tracking growth and direct awards to Ktunaxa companies

Since 2018, the task group has tracked Providing better transparency on contract direct award contracts and overall contracting revenue for Ktunaxa businesses.

While progress has been made, the PTG continues to push for increased direct award opportunities, particularly in environmental, reclamation, and mine closure projects.

What's next? **Priorities for 2025**

As part of an IMBA 5-Year Review, the Ktunaxa Nation Council Economic Sector identified key areas for the PTG to improve in 2025, including:

• Formalizing the direct award process

Establishing clear guidelines on when and how contracts are awarded to Ktunaxa businesses.

• Defining Ktunaxa Businesses

Aligning definitions between IMBA agreements and Ktunaxa Nation policies.

Assessing Economic Impact

Measuring how IMBA contracts contribute to the success of Ktunaxa businesses.

• Improving Communication & Reporting

performance.

• Clarifying the PTG's Role

Ensuring the work aligns with broader Ktunaxa Nation economic strategies

A Path Forward

With a focus on economic self-determination, the Procurement Task Group is committed to increasing Ktunaxa participation in EVR projects.

By advocating for fair procurement practices and ensuring businesses are equipped to succeed, the PTG continues to build a stronger, more inclusive Ktunaxa economy.

For more information, contact Jose R. Galdamez, Ktunaxa Nation Economic & Investment Sector by emailing him at JGaldamez@ktunaxa.org.

To learn more about Ktunaxa **Business Certification or the IMBA,** please visit ktunaxahakqyit.org

These are Ktunaxa-only projects; site registration is required to view and participate.

Our communities have the answers

Showing up to shape a Nation-Wide Healing Strategy

The toxic drug crisis has deeply impacted Ktunaxa communities.

Families are grieving lost loved ones and those living with addictions face deeply personal challenges.

In 2021, the governments of the Ktunaxa Nation—?aqam, ?akisqnuk, yaqan nukiy and Yaqit ?a·knuqli'it—declared a crisis, a mental health state of emergency within ?amak?is Ktunaxa. The crisis has roots in colonialism, systemic racism and other barriers to healing. It is fed by a toxic drug supply and continues to hurt Ktunaxa families.

In response, and after much deliberation and input, KNC Social Investment Sector has launched an initiative to develop a Nation-based, Nation-Wide Healing Strategy.

This work follows clear direction from Ktunaxa Nation Leadership, who have emphasized the health and wellbeing of Ktunaxa people must remain at the centre of all efforts.

Therefore, the strategy development will depend on close collaboration between the four Ktunaxa First Nations and as many Ktunaxanintik as can participate.

Ktunaxa voices leading

To support the work, Ktunaxa Nation Council has contracted **Urban Matters**, a social enterprise that collaborates with communities across western Canada.

?akisqnuk member, Martina Escutin (nupqu nana), is the lead on the project and works with Urban Matters as an Indigenous well-being practitioner. Martina and her team bring considerable experience working on complex social issues and will coordinate engagements with Ktunaxanintik.

"We want to bring people together, build real connections, and support communities to find their own paths to healing," said Martina.

"Each Ktunaxa community is unique, with its own history, strengths and challenges. Our job is to facilitate these conversations, listen and elevate the good work already happening."

Seen, heard and valued

"The more disconnected people feel, the more vulnerable they become," Martina said. "Our goal is to cultivate spaces where people feel seen, heard, and valued."



Martina Escutin is the project lead, and following the guidance of Ktunaxa Leadership and citizens.

Upcoming engagements will support ?aqls-maknik to share their voice towards developing community-based and Ktunaxa-led solutions to support healing across the Nation.

There may be successful Indigenous-led models from across the country to learn from, while ultimately ensuring strategies remain locally rooted.

"We're not here to reinvent the wheel," Martina said. "We're here to amplify what's working, identify gaps, and help build momentum for long-term change."

With projects like Complex Care Housing, the Seven Nations Soaring Eagles Treatment Centre, and the Ktunaxa Nation Regional Health Centre already in motion, the Ktunaxa Nation has been making progress on different aspects of health, wellbeing and healing for communities.

The Nation-Wide Healing Strategy will enhance these projects and will serve to bring people together to share space with one another, allowing for grief, hope and personal stories of healing to open the way for a unified response, grounded in collective responsibility.

"Our communities have the answers," Mar-

"The toxic drug crisis has affected all of us in some way, and this is a good moment to step forward and share your voice. While the goal is to develop a Nation Healing Strategy, the success of that strategy is dependent on each of us doing our part to support each other."

Origin & approach

The Nation-Based Healing Strategy was proposed by Ktunaxa Nation Council's Social Investment Sector and approved by Leadership in December of 2024.

It has four phases:

1. Relationships & Exploration (January - March 2025)

Building connections and gathering insights.

2. Community Involvement (March - May 2025)

Engaging Ktunaxa First Nation Health Teams and holding Healing Circles with community members who are interested in being involved.

3. Community Engagement & Strategy Development (May - August 2025)

Further engagement with Ktunaxa Citizens and informing a comprehensive healing strategy.

4. Presentations & Finalization (September - October 2025)

Presenting back to communities for a final round of input and finalizing the strategy.



Grounded in key guiding principles:

- Culturally Responsive: Rooted in ?itqawxawi¢ikimik (everyone holds this belief together), as outlined in the Guiding Principles for Research and Engagement within Ktunaxa Nation.
- Inclusive & Accessible: Elevating Ktunaxa voices and people with lived/living experience of substance use and addiction, grief, and healing.
- Community-Driven: Grounded in Ktunaxa community strengths and perspectives.
- Healing-Oriented: Focused on strengths-based solutions and cultural safety.

Interested? Email nation.healing@ktunaxa.org

https://ManyWaysofWorkingOnTheSameThing.com/researchprinciples/



From left to right: Vickie Thomas, Bonnie Harvey and Mara Nelson presented Lifetime Achievement Awards to "Gina-ology" Clarricoates, Moose Luke, Juanita Eugene, Mary Mahseelah and Lillian Rose. Not pictured are recipients Elizabeth Ignatius and Laura Birdstone.

May Building Celebration to mark 13 years of occupancy in the KNC building in Cranbrook.

for language learners. Then every- Ktunaxa each and every day. one shared a feast catered by Lucky

n May 13, Ktunaxa Nation Ktunaxa, that's been here over parents, your co-workers and your Council hosted the annual 10,000 years, and will continue.

"There's no 'one person.' Our Sam formally announced that strength is in 'all of us.' We have Adam Nicholas is now recognized relatives on both sides of the bor- as the Ktunaxa Nation Flag Bearer, This year, ?akisqnuk Nasu?kin der. International borders cannot as per a discussion by leadership. Don Sam welcomed everyone with divide us. While we're celebrating He expressed gratitude for Nichoa speech and prayer. The Ktunaxa the bricks and mortar that's brought las accepting this responsibility on Citizens' Excellence Awards were this building, we also celebrate the behalf of KNC for KNC events. then presented, including awards hearts and minds and wisdom of the Being the Nation Flag Bearer means

"Each and every day, how do we honour that? We lift each other up. Nasu?kin Sam: "The times are Lift up your spouse, your partner, changing. But the strength of the your siblings, your children, your

chief and council, lift them up, too."

Nicholas is responsible for ensuring the Nation eagle staff is present at all Nation functions and is done in accordance with protocol.

Ktunaxa Citizens' **Excellence Awards**

Lifetime Achievement Awards 2025			
Gina Clarricoates	Cultural Knowledge and Language		
Rudolph John Luke	Cultural Knowledge and Language		
Lillian Rose	Arts and Entertainment		
Laura Birdstone	Cultural Knowledge and Language		
Mary Mahseelah	Cultural Knowledge and Language		
Elizabeth Ignatius (Hillie)	Cultural Knowledge and Language		
Juanita Eugene	Cultural Knowledge and Language		

Excellence Awards 2025			
Robin Louie-Flatbow Culture	Cultural Knowledge and Language		
Trina Williams	Cultural Knowledge and Language		
Mara Nelson	Cultural Knowledge and Language		
Martina Escutin	Cultural Knowledge and Language		
Yhance Sebastian	Business and Career		
Nakita Sebastian	Education		
Troy Sebastian	Author		
Ashley O'Neil	Business and Career		
Gwen Phillips	Business and Career		

Ktunaxa ?a·kłukaqwum learners celebrated

By Mara Nelson

This year we were able to celebrate our many Ktunaxa ?a·kłukaqwum learners.

We recognized 37 individuals who regularly attend weekly language classes on both sides of the line.

Learners were gifted medallions, designed by Darcy Roshau, in three categories: Beaders; Michelle Basil, Blaine Bur-Seed, Bud ¢ Bloom.

The categories are set to reflect the hours of learning put in. Seeds have a minimum of 100 hours, Buds are learners who have a minimum of 300 hours and Blooms have spent a minimum of 500 hours learning our beautiful language isolate.

Williams and Aiyana Twigg.

Both ladies have completed 900 hours of the Mentor - Apprentice Program. An incredible accomplishment that will carry Ktunaxa ?a·kłukaqwum for generations to come.

Congratulations to the teachers, mentors and students that continue to dedicate their time learning.

We recognize, with gratitude, the many considerate and talented beaders that made these gifts possible.

Designer ¢ beader, Darcy Roshau.

goyne, Sammie Coates, Rhoda Couture, Paisley Couture, Amanda Davidge, Marion Eunson, Anna Fidork, Cami Kenmille, Caytlyn Luke ¢ Caitlin Phillips.

Without your time and care, these beautiful ¢ meaningful gifts would not have

We were also able to recognize Chrystal If you are interested in starting your language learning journey, reach out to Mara Nelson at Mara.Nelson@Ktunaxa.org

100 hours
Joyce Green
Loretta Wingo
Ќusmukusam Lucous Joseph
Suki l qa Kanuhus Kyáqnukat Pa l k Arabella Nicolai
Qu l wa Hannah Medina
Wataknana Caroline Hewankom
Na∙kyu Paŧki Lah Tai Finely
Areanna Burke
Kanuhus ʔamak Lucinda Michelle
Kamnuq l u qayaqa l am Byron Johnson
Nuk¢aqŧiŧ paŧki∙
Mu∙qni
⊄aquna Kitku Paŧki∙
K l iukxu
Sharissa Couture

300 hours	500 hours	900 hours
Arwen Buckman	Lillian Antelope	Aiyana Twigg
Niobe Buckman	Brian Birdstone	Chrystal Williams
Rosemary Caye	Juanita Eugene	
Consuelo Cutsack	Bonnie Harvey	
Emaline Manuel	Alexis Johnson	
Holly Merrigan	Holly Merrigan	
Pete Sanchez	Mara Nelson	
Eldene Stanley	Wilfred Kenmille	
George Stevens	Wayne McCoy	
Samantha Sutherland		· ·
Vickie Thomas		
Tony Grant		b

For the fish

he Ktunaxa Nation and Government of Canada are advancing a co-developed approach to allocate \$58 million in funding to deliver projects that restore, enhance, and conserve fish and fish habitat in British Columbia's Kootenay Region, focused on benefiting Qukin ?amak?is (Elk Valley).

The funding comes from a 2021 landmark penalty paid by Teck Coal Limited to the Government of Canada's Environmental Damages Fund (EDF).

petitive, project-based funding of ?nik,' we have an inherent respon-

up to \$30 million for each Ktunaxa sibility to be a part of the process First Nation and Ktunaxa Nation Council, as well as up to \$6 million each available for other Kootenay Heidi Gravelle, Yagit ?a·knugli'it Region First Nations, namely, Shuswap Band and Okanagan Nation Alliance.

In addition, \$16 million (see below) will be available to fund projects through an open, competitive call for applications co-developed by Environment and Climate Change Canada and the Ktunaxa Nation.

"This partnership recognizes the Ktunaxa Nation's stewardship of Oukin ?amak?is. It's a first, and it brings the spirit of reconciliation alive in action. We value being able to work together as true partners to protect the land, water, and all living beings in our territory."

Kathryn Teneese, Chair, Ktunaxa Nation Council

"We have the opportunity now to guide the direction, to lead, and to collaborate with all of those who want to be a part of the solution to fix our waterways and heal what This approach includes non-com- has been damaged. As ?a·kanuxuthat's going to heal our water and to heal our lands." Nasu?kin

"This funding is a step toward redressing the impacts of mining on Qukin ?amak?is, restoring our fish habitats, and healing the land for future generations." Nasu?kin

Cheryl Casimer, ?aqam

"The Environmental Damages Fund will support environmental remediation efforts that mitigate impacts to ?amak?is Ktunaxa, aligning with our traditional stewardship values as Ktunaxa people." Nasu?kin Donald Sam, akisqnuk First Nation

Details

The call for applications will be administered through the Government of Canada's Environmental Damages Fund. Applications will be jointly reviewed by Environment and Climate Change Canada and Ktunaxa representatives to ensure that projects chosen to receive funding maximize environmental benefits and align with Ktunaxa

stewardship values and principles.

First Nations may choose to advance projects independently or in collaboration with partners.

To support the Ktunaxa Nation's full participation in the joint review of the call for applications, and to advance the development of Ktunaxa-led projects, up to \$3.25 million of the \$30-million allocation will be made available to Ktunaxa First Nations and the Ktunaxa Nation Council to support administrative and technical capacity within their organizations.

Funding will be disbursed in a manner that advances Environment and Climate Change Canada's and Ktunaxa's shared priorities and interests and ensures strong results that benefit the environment.

Qukin ?amak?is

The Elk Valley is part of qukin ?amak?is in ?amak?is Ktunaxa (Ktunaxa homelands). It is an area of conservation significance with important flora and fauna and is a critical north-south corridor for animal migration.

Recognizing the impacts to the Ktunaxa, the mechanism for allocating the funding in Qukin ?amak?is was developed collaboratively with Ktunaxa Leadership.

Background

The Teck Coal Limited penalty is the highest ever imposed for pollution in violation of Canada's Fisheries Act, and the second largest award directed to the Environmental Damages Fund

Created in 1995, the Environmental Damages Fund is a Government of Canada program administered by Environment and Climate Change

Fines imposed as penalties under environmental legislation following prosecutions are credited to the Environmental Damages Fund, which ensures that environmental good follows environmental harm.

The Environmental Damages Fund ensures that fines collected from environmental infractions are used to support projects that protect nature, restore habitats, and preserve wildlife populations.

Funding Opportunity for the Elk Valley

Apply for funding to support projects

That are related to the conservation, protection or restoration of fish and fish habitat.

That are in the Elk Valley and in the immediate downstream area (within Canada)

\$16 Million Available for Conservation & Restoration Projects Environmental Damages Fund (EDF)



Use the OR code to get to the online project page

Step 1: Reach Out Submit a Letter of Intent

Deadline: June 12, 2025

Letters will be reviewed jointly by the Ktunaxa Nation and Environment and Climate Change Canada.

Projects will be evaluated based on ecosystem health, interconnectivity, and the well-being of ?akxamis qapi qapsin.

You will be notified if you can move on to submit an application.



Step 2 (If approved) **Submit an Application**

Log in to the Grants & Contributions Enterprise Management System (GCEMS). Review the Qukin ?amak?is Applicant Guide for detailed instructions on eligibility and Fund Use Requirements.

ukin ?amak?is







By Jaime Vienneau

The KNC Lands and Resources Sector team gathered together on April 24, 2025 at the base of ?akinmi to promote team building and connection to the Land.

Highlights from the day included an archaeological presentation highlighting assessments and artifacts that have been found in the area during some recent developments, Ktunaxa cultural teachings, followed by a little friendly competition.

This photo captures the building of our team fire, which was started with kindling contributed by each manager representing the projects/initiatives each team is involved in.

Once the fire was started, each team member individually shared what they committed to bringing to the team this upcoming year and added their piece of wood to the collective fire.

Photo by Troy Hunter





Shell-ebrating Kaxax

By Caytlyn Luke

Western painted turtle (AKA Kaxax) makes its home in ?amak?is Ktunaxa.

Curtis Luke, Andrew Fletcher, Caitlin Phillips and Caytlyn Luke attended the 2025 Turtle Day at Elizabeth Lake in Cranbrook on April 22, 2025.

As Ktunaxa ?a·knusti, they were there to share about what they do for their jobs with students from ?aq́amnik, Steeples and Pinewood schools.

The students also got to hear a Ktunaxa legend shared by ?a·knusti team manager, Caitlin Phillips.

Ktunaxa ?a·knusti admin Caytlyn played a key role at the main booth, sharing fascinating turtle lore and scientific insights while carefully handling the turtles and ensuring each student had the chance to hold one.

"It's my favourite day of the year," said Caytlyn. "I got to work with Western Painted Turtles when I was 16, and all of the knowledge I gained from those experiences I get to pass on to these students."

"I enjoy seeing all the kids smiles, their excitement about how little the turtles are, and especially their silly faces when I tell them facts like the turtles breathe through their butts, which is really known as their "cloaca."

Turtle Day is an opportunity for the Ktunaxa Nation, local Fish & Wildlife Compensation Program (FWCP) and Rocky Mountain Naturalists to share the importance of habitat conservation around our area.

There were educational activities such as learning about the habitat that Kaxax thrive in, holding the baby turtles, and what to do when you see a turtle outside of their natural habitat! There was also opportunity for the public to purchase Turtle Day shirts that directly go towards supporting the local conservation efforts.





Story and photos by Norman Jr Allard

This spring, we reflect on the journey of restoring this 517-hectare floodplain over the past eight years.

Our work has been tested by the realities of climate change—severe droughts, diminished snowpacks, intense wildfires, and, in contrast, overwhelming surges of water from heavy spring runoff.

Each of these events has challenged the resilience of the wetlands we are bringing back to life.

Yet, through it all, **the re-naturalized wetlands have held strong**, demonstrating the power of ecological restoration when guided by nature itself.

We are now just over half way through this restoration process, and along the way, we have learned invaluable lessons—many of which echo the wisdom of our ancestors.

These lessons teach us that **everything in nature is connected.** We are seeing firsthand that **wetlands cannot exist in isolation.**

Wetlands are part of a much larger system, and their restoration is only the first step toward a truly holistic approach to healing the land.

At times, the challenges ahead seem daunting.

Yet, through traditional knowledge and the teachings passed down through generations, we are reminded that **caring for the land means caring for all life**, including ourselves.

I urge everyone not only to acknowledge the wisdom of Indigenous peoples but to actively include us in the process.

Our deep knowledge of the natural world extends beyond living memory, and, by working together, we can ensure that wetlands—and the ecosystems they support—continue to thrive for generations to come.





Eldon Stanley, Martina Escutin, Theresa Kains, Alfred Joseph, Mara Nelson and Eldene Stanley were the Ktunaxa contingent who attended a global language conference in Hawai'i. (Hawai'i is the name of the place; Hawaii is what U.S. congress called it when turning it into a state in 1959.) The conference was a learning and sharing experience.

Ka?as ki?in ka·kayukanaŧa?

(Where are our hats?)

By Mara Nelson

In early Łikuq, myself and a group of Ktunaxanintik, mostly from ?akisqnuknuk, went across the waters to a place I had only read about in books or saw on TV.

We were able to fly to Hawai'i with the honour and request to attend a variety of workshops, over ten days, with the focus being language revitalization, documentation and the technology involved to enhance both.

We arrived on the island with an energized zest to get our day started. With a three-hour time difference, energy was needed, but since it was I was delighted to understand a few terms and that wasn't difficult.

We were able to briefly explore the area where we were staying, Waikiki.

We walked up and down the streets, watched the comings and going of life, the busy city nights that lent blurred lights to hurried sounds. Our thoughts on the upcoming task, to join hundreds of others from similar and diverse backgrounds, all with the same desire and drive, to ensure Indigenous languages continue to be spoken and thrive for generations to come.

Łikuą 4 - 5: Computational Methods for **Endangered Languages**

We arrived to our first session a bit early, which was a good thing because the University of Hawai'i is massive and if you don't know where you are going, you will need time to find your place. Which eventually we did.

Day One was intense!

People from all over the world gathered together to speak on the latest technology and techniques to enhance language documentation and digiti-

everyone's first time to the Islands of Hawai'i, realize that some of the suggestions being spoken of, we are doing back home. There are many ways we can grow in technology around Ktunaxa ?a·kłukaqwum.

> Knowing that Ktunaxanintik can have valued and diversified input into the restoration of our songs, stories and more is very empowering.

> Across the waters it came to us many times—the many ways of doing-and with it we saw the successes other nations and countries are having. It all takes hard work over time.

> Technology is growing and it's making space for some remarkable tools to record, enhance and preserve that which we care for, our languages.

> > See next page...



Elders and ?a·knusti: TKL held the quarterly Elders meeting in ?akisqnuk on March 19 at the Lion's Hall. They took a break to visit Alfred and ?a·knusti and see what they are learning.

Left to right: Barb Basil, Levi Soles, Arlene Basil, Jared Cayenne, Dean Nicolas, Irene Benallie, Curtis Luke, Laine Twigg, Connor Bowers, Roberta Gravelle, Alfred Joseph.



Ashley O'Neil honoured with Wildland Firefighting Award

Ktunaxa wildfire specialist Ashley O'Neil was recognized with a 2025 Wildland Firefighting Award at the FireSmart Conference and Wildfire Resiliency Training held in April.

O'Neil attended the two-day event as an instructor, helping launch a pilot program designed to train new FireSmart Coordinators. "It went really well," she said. "Because of the positive feedback, they're already planning to run it again next

Mid-conference, organizers called O'Neil to the stage as one of just five award recipients. "I was overwhelmed with gratitude," she said. "It's a huge honour, and I had no idea I was even nominated."

The surprise nomination came from a woman in Golden who O'Neil had helped during last year's wildfire season.

O'Neil brings that same dedication to her work with ?agam First Nation, where she serves as Wildfire Mitigation Specialist and FireSmart Coordinator through ?agam Community Enterprises (ACE). Communities can hire ACE to run prevention workshops, home assessments and emergency-response planning.

Beyond training and consulting, O'Neil channels her field experience into AshFireWear, a clothing line she founded to provide practical, fire-resistant apparel. "I wanted gear that works for women on the fire line as well," she said. "So I started making it myself."

O'Neil is involved in mitigation planning across the Southeast Fire Centre in ?amak?is Ktunaxa. "My goal is simple," she said. "Give people the knowledge and tools to protect their homes and their homelands.'

(Ashley O'Neil [with Amanda Reynolds], receiving her award in April. Photo: FireSmart BC)

Ktunaxa Nation statement on CRT 'pause'

March 19, 2025

Despite the United States pausing its participation in talks for a modernized Columbia River Treaty, the Ktunaxa Nation continues to work in good faith with the governments of British Columbia and Canada on domestic matters related to the treaty negotiations.

"We remain committed to ensuring the CRT is updated to address our rights and will continue to work with our First Nations partners, B.C. and Canada to improve the treaty," said Kathryn Teneese, Ktunaxa Nation Council Chair.

Sooner or later

"It was good to reach an agreement in principle last July," Teneese said. "The reality is that both countries—and all parties—need a modernized treaty, whether it happens sooner or later."

Ktunaxa ?amak?is, the Ktunaxa Nation homelands, are at the headwaters of the Columbia River.

The agreement in principle (AIP), which was signed by both Canada and the United States, is not a new treaty. It is a map to get to a new treaty and represents years of technical input and negotiation. The AIP outlines key elements of a modernized treaty, such as ecosystem health, salmon restoration to the upper Columbia River, reduced water-level fluctuations in reservoirs, and better control over river flows.

The AIP also recommends an Indigenous/tribal advisory body and a transboundary working group.

Recognizing rights and title

"A modernized treaty would recognize and honour Ktunaxa rights and title as stewards at the Columbia Headwaters," Teneese said. "The current pause in the treaty's renegotiation provides our Nation with a critical opportunity to advance domestic discussions and address longstanding grievances stemming from the treaty's historic impacts."

When the current treaty was established in 1964, Ktunaxa were not consulted, nor were any other Indigenous nations. Long term environmental effects weren't fully factored in, and the proliferation of dams and flooding of former habitat negatively impacted lands, waters and cultural heritage in ?amak?is Ktunaxa, the Ktunaxa homelands.

In addition to its involvement in the treaty modernization, the Ktunaxa Nation is a proud partner in the Columbia River Salmon Reintroduction Initiative (CRSRI).

"Salmon was a cornerstone of Ktunaxa diet and culture," Teneese said. "Dam construction severed this connection, resulting in a deep cultural and ecological loss that goes beyond the treaty itself. We have been working collaboratively for years to seek redress for the damage caused by these historic projects."

"We are at a pivotal moment where we can address the historical injustices caused by the Columbia River Treaty and contribute to a modernized treaty that enhances ecosystems and the power infrastructure that depends on these ecosystems. We look forward to a finalized agreement," Teneese said.



Ktunaxa Interactive game is live!

This a Ksanka-led project: The first interactive language learning adventure game for Ktunaxa.

Skinku¢ ¢ Kulilu (Coyote and Butterfly) is a make-your-ownadventure game with audio and images in which the player makes important choices that drive the story forward.

The story is set on the Flathead Reservation in and around Kwataqnuk (Polson) and Kupawi¢qnuk (Elmo).

You play a young person who just finished high school and visits their aunty for the summer, preparing to go to SKC (Santanana-Ksanka-College, a fictional college in the game, based on the real-world Salish-Kootenai-Col-

Then you meet Skinku¢ and Kulilu and the adventures begin...

Go to the website to play: ktunaxa-interactive.com

Ka?as ki?in ka·kayukanaŧa?

From Page 12

Łikuģ 6 - 9: International Conference on **Language Documentation & Conservation** (ICLDC). "Navigating new realities in diaspora communities."

Imagine going to university for three days, attending almost 20 possible classes a day and not being able to see all that is offered? That was the immense opportunity that was the ICLDC.

The time I have spent learning our language has gifted me with many cherished relationships and exciting opportunities. One of them is a brief time with Ktu**naxa Interactive** and the many incredible people that made their video game dreams become a reality.

Imagine my delight when I met one of the creators of the game, Kathrin Kaiser, at her workshop where she presented some of the work that Randall Kenmille, Kayla Ridgley, Liz Torres and others have done.

Ktunaxa Interactive video game, up on the big screen, our sounds alive - across the water, in places one only sees on TV or reads of in books. Our living, breathing Not traditional headwear or baseball caps language, inspiring many others to create as we have.

it might just take us home, if only in thought, to where is an odd thing, the notion of English... our words await our next exciting endeavor.

Łikuģ 10 - 11: Ke Kula 'O Nawahiokalani'opu'u Iki Public Charter School

Apre-K to Grade 12 school on the Big Island of Hawai'i. I waited in anticipation the first morning as the bus was coming to get us and take us to the place where we were going to be able to see thought and desire put into action. And what incredible action it is!

There will always be a place in my life for education. Working with youth of any age is a privilege I have around their community left me in awe.

There is a hurried pace as the sudden rains rush us from room to room, each student as intent on doing their work as we are on seeing it.

Every classroom contains a framed photograph of all of the students grandparents. A constant reminder that they are never alone, and that the work these students are doing is supported by their family. It is also a beautiful way to look ahead, to see your grandparents looking at you daily allows you to see the direction you can take, the path to whom you are to become. That is pretty special.

One more note of importance, the Indigenous Peoples of Hawai'i worked for decades to be allowed to speak their language fully and completely in a school where no other words should flourish.

They do not allow teachings of the English language until the students are in the fifth grade, then and only then, do they receive any instruction that is English based. And even then, to permeate how foreign the concept of English words is on their tongues, the have mandated a hat rule.

When students are in the English Language Arts class, they wear hats.

but bucket hats or panama hats, but hats Technology will take us many places and sometimes that remind them it is not customary, it

As odd as wearing a hat inside a classroom!

I used to work at a high school, where many students from many countries attended and they wore hats of many kinds. I wonder if they would keep them off if they were able to speak their Indigenous languages. It made me think, as a language learner, that struggles to frame myself in speaking only Ktunaxa, "Where is my hat? What do I need to do to remind myself that English shouldn't be spoken? never taken lightly so to be given the opportunity to Ka?as ki?in ka·k ayuka? Ka?as ki?in ka·k ayuwalk the outdoor halls with young adults showing us kanała?" I will forever be filled with gratitude at what I was able to garner. My commitment to carry forward appropriate teachings will be life long, and as I have witnessed, that is a beautiful blessing to hold.





Ktunaxa art synergy at Banff

By KNC Staff

Ktunaxa Nation artist Lillian Rose has turned what started out as a personal conprogram open to artists from around the help build a program for artists. globe named after Ktunaxa natural law: "So we talked, and I said 'well, in Ktunaxa Aknumusti‡is.

Ecological Engagement Through the harvesting of materials, and timing, and Seasons 2025," a five-week hybrid residency designed for 12 visual artists whose practices encompass land-based themes, environmental sustainability, Indigenous narratives of the land, and the use of natural materials.

concentrate on weaving, baskets, and other materials using roots and fibres from plants," Lillian said. "Things like using cattails and all sorts of local, abundant materials, taking it through a process, dyeing it, making paper, and then the other part that I'm interested in is the tool making: Awls and needles for weaving natural fibres."

This is the sixth iteration of the program, which runs this year from September 2 to October 3, and Lillian has been busy collecting natural materials all spring to be available to artists in the residency.

Lillian's first brush with the Banff Centre was as "Elder in Residence" in a business-related faculty several years ago.

"People were coming to me as if I was a make baskets; that's my therapy."

At the centre, Lillian saw groups come in looking for Indigenous arts programming. To her, the programming was more "U.N." of the Ktunaxa presence at all. "Groups were coming in from all over the world. So I started offering resources. Two days a

week I would drive from ?akisqnuk."

When COVID-19 hit, Lillian's contract at the centre wasn't renewed. Instead, she got nection to the Banff Centre for Arts and a call from Dr. Reneltta Arluk, the centre's Creativity into shaping an Indigenous arts Director of Indigenous Arts, asking her to

we have what's called aknumustiiis, a nat-She is the lead faculty of "Aknumustitis: ural law that covers everything including the process."

During their early talks, Lillian said "We recognized two things: One, our place in the Banff area has always been part of our traditional territory (for example, the paint pots), and two, there's so much of our his-"In this program, my contribution is to tory on that side of the mountains that gets

> As Lillian developed the program with the centre, she has been able to represent the Ktunaxa Nation. "They are looking to increase their relationship with Ktunaxa, and they recognize the area as part of our homelands, as well as the Blackfoot."

> Lillian is excited about what this program will bring and describes a studio setting that not only makes space for Indigenous artists to practice and learn, but also to

"They come, they're so humble," she said. "They don't think that they're really accomplishing much. But when you have 12 of them there the synergy that gets created is amazing and it's always like an instant connection. All of a sudden, counselor; they wanted me to smudge and you're feeding each other. The network lay tobacco," she said. "That's not who that you're building is spiritual, interact-I am—I'm a contemporary elder. And I ing with Indigenous artists from around the world who are bringing amazing passion

The 2025 program application has closed, but visit www.banffcentre.ca/programs/ than Indigenous and was not representative indigenous-arts to be updated on next year's program, or reach out to Lillian: Lillian.rose@ktunaxa.org

That's **Dr.** Vi to you!

Vi Birdstone was awarded an honorary doctorate (a UBC Doctor of Letters) from the University of British Columbia (UBC) during its spring convocation on May 23,

This prestigious recognition honours Birdstone's decades of tireless work preserving and teaching the Ktunaxa language and her invaluable contributions to linguistic research and education.

A fluent Ktunaxa speaker from ?aqam, Vi has served as a consultant for UBC's Linguistics department since 2011, guiding students in fieldwork and co-authoring multiple academic presentations and papers.

"15 years, working exclusively with the Ktunaxa language, is a long time," said Margaret Teneese, who helped kick start the process for Birdstone to receive this honourary doctorate.

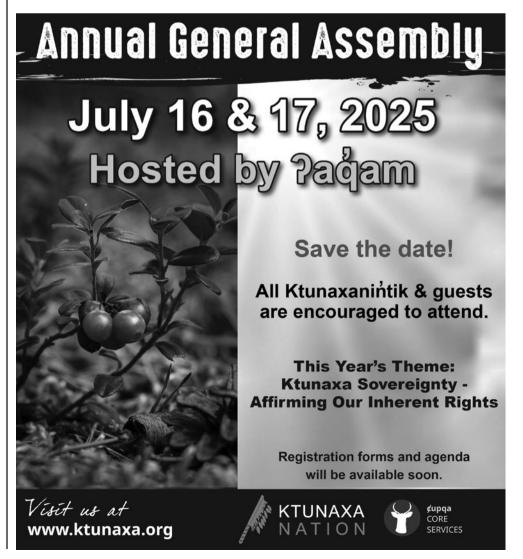
Since 2018, Birdstone has also been teaching free weekly Ktunaxa language classes, which have expanded online since 2020 to reach learners from across Canada and the United States.



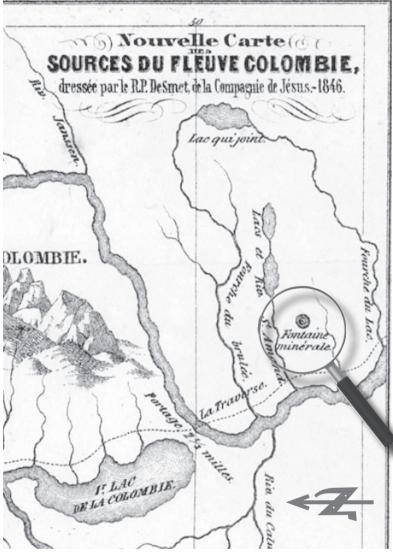
Her commitment to sharing her knowledge has not only supported language revitalization efforts but has also fostered deep connections between students, researchers, and the Ktunaxa community.

"Her dedication and connection with the students is remarkable... and the fact these students are from all over the world... they take a little bit of our language with them." added Teneese.

Suknikitnaławasni!



la-datpathilmam



By Troy Hunter

The Top of the World is a plateau in ?amak?is Ktunaxa (Land of the Ktunaxa). On this plateau there are many Ktunaxa archaeological sites including the source of Top of the World Chert. It's a sacred place to us Ktunaxa.

This area has been bristling with ?aq‡smaknikma?nam (paths, travel corridor trails) used by Ktunaxa since time immemorial.

We can look to some early settler/ explorer maps that bear this out, in particular, the maps made by Father De Smet, who consulted closely with Ktunaxa and Francois Morigeau as he made his maps.

Ktunaxa guides

In late August 1845, two young Ktunaxa men and a skilled hunter and translator from the ?aq+smaknik (Kootenay) started from Tobacco Plains.

They were going to guide a man named Pierre-Jean De Smet to Blackfoot country. It took De Smet and his group five days to travel from Tobacco Plains to where the Columbia River begins.

They followed an old ?aq†smaknikma?nam (Indigenous trail) that went along the bottom of the Top of the World Plateau in the Rocky Mountain Trench.

"Top of the World" — Maps follow trails

Columbia River was easy to travel two ways, from Canal Flats via "Explorers" would have had to on. It was on this trip that the Top Whiteswan Lake Forest Service make their own trails! of the World Plateau was first Road, and from Jaffray, via Bull drawn on a map.

visit the Ktunaxa Nation in 1845. He had traveled by boat up the Columbia River, starting at the river's mouth near Fort Astoria.

He went past Kettle Falls, then crossed over to the Lower Kootenay area, and then up to the Upper Kootenay area, mapping along the

Top of the water people

Some Salishan people around the Kettle Falls area, maybe the Sinixt, had a special name for the Ktunaxa Nation. They called us the Skalzi or Skalesi'ulk.

In their language, that meant "the people of the headwaters," or "those at the very top of the water," like the Upper Kootenay River and likewise, the Upper Columbia River.

De Smet called the Bull River Fourche du lac, which means "Fork of the Lake." That makes sense because Munroe Lake (the one in the Rockies at the top of Bull River, not the one by Moyie Lake) was a major hub in our trail network.

aka‡simuq

As Ktunaxa, we have our own name for the place where the Bull River starts: aka‡simuq.

From aka‡simuq, there are mountain paths, called ?aq*smaknikma?nam, that go to the upper Elk Valley and all the way to

De Smet wrote that the trail from Today, you can get to the lake Tobacco Plains to the start of the —"Munroe Lake"—at aka‡simuq

River Forest Service Road.

Father De Smet had just arrived to In other words, these ancient and well-used Ktunaxa trails were later developed into roads.

Rocky Mountain passes

The trails at the time were mostly used by the ?aqamnik and ?akisgnuknik, but other Ktunaxa used them, too. The ?akanuxunik' people often traveled to the prairies using the Little South Fork or South Kootenay Pass, and sometimes other Ktunaxa went with them.

1846 map

The 1846 map (on this page) shows the Kootenay River and Columbia Lake.

The dotted line is the Ktunaxa trail for traveling north and south through the Rocky Mountain Trench. The map depicts the White and Bull Rivers flowing into the Kootenav River on the Top of the World Plateau.

A few years after Father De Smet traveled through the area, an engineer named Walter Moberly was near Kinbasket Lake.

He also noticed that the Ktunaxa people knew every single valley.

Ancestor knowledge

When I study these old maps, I'm amazed at how much our ancestors knew about the land that they passed on to De Smet and others.

Our ancestors' trails existed before the maps, and, in fact, were the basis of the maps being made at this time. Without the trails, fewer of the other features would have been known or mapped so quickly.

At any rate the trail up the Trench along the east bank of Kootenay River crossed the river at Yaqa·n Nukiy (the one now called 'Canal

Then it continued along the east side of Columbia Lake (Kinquqanki) all the way over through the narrow canyon to where Radium is now.

It continued to the upper Kootenay River, Kootenay Crossing and the Paint Pots, making its way to places such as Yak‡·iki (Jasper), Ktunaxa nuq‡i?it (Kootenay Plains), yaqanuqmina?ki kyaqnukat (Banff), ?aknuqtap¢ik (Elbow a.k.a. Calgary), and other plains

Reports of hot springs

I used to wonder why De Smet put the Lussier River Hot Springs on his map, since he didn't write about visiting them. Then I realized: He probably learned about them from someone who knew the area really well.

On his 1846 map, De Smet wrote "Fontaine minerale" (mineral fountain) for the hot springs. But on his 1851 map (next page), he called them Sulphur Sp. (Sulphur Springs) and placed them between the Kootenay River and White Swan Lake. So, he was talking about the hot springs near Whiteswan Lake.

I surmise he learned about them from either his Ktunaxa guides or from a French-speaking settler, Francois Monrogeau (Morigeau.)

Continued on the next page



Ni‡kuʔ¢ap: Ktunaxa arrowheads. These are made from the distinctive chert material that is found near aka‡simuq. The word *ni‡kuʔ¢ap* contains the word *ni‡ku*, which means money.

When Father De Smet visited the area, he spoke with Francois Morigeau, as they were both French speakers. Then he developed the maps in French.

As De Smet made the maps, Morigeau likely talked about the trails, hot springs, rivers, lakes, waterfalls, and mountains that he had heard of from the Ktunaxa.

De Smet's maps weren't perfectly accurate in size and shape, but they were still very helpful.

Trail network usage

The ?akisqnuknik would have traveled along the east side of Columbia Lake (Kinquqanki), cross the Kootenay River, and then go up the Kanukaunmituk (White River).

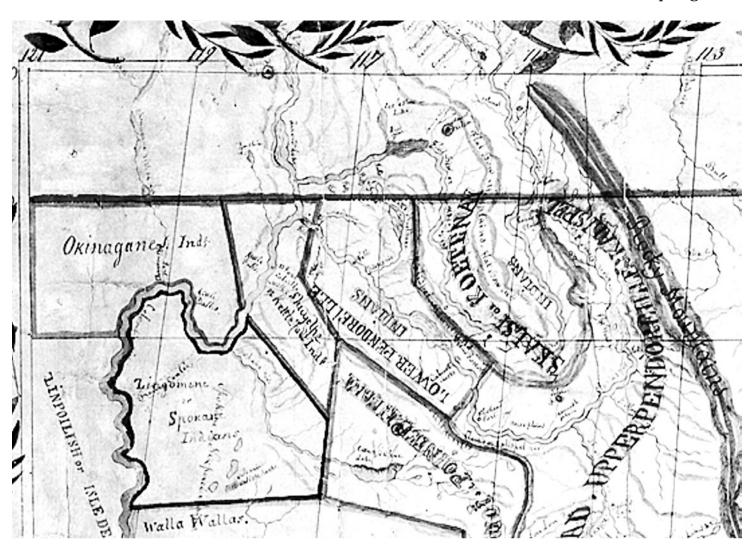
They'd pass by aka‡simuq and keep going until they reached qukin ?amak?is (Land of the Raven), just north of Elkford, by way of Crossing Creek and a place called ?akamina ?a·knuq‡i?it (Round Prairie).

From Round Prairie, they could either go through Tornado Pass to the prairies, or they could travel south to haquawinku ?a·kuqnuk (Grave Lake) and then down to kaqawakanmituk (Michel Prairie).

?aqamnik could either travel up the ni‡sik ?a·ka‡i?it (Bull River) or head north and then from ?a·qanmaksuk (Skookumchuk) travel up river to Ka?intak ?aquknuk (Whiteswan) via Lussier River and onward to the White River.

The reason for all this travel is written in our lineage of seasonal rounds and trading with our neighbouring tribes.

It's remarkable to realize how well our Ktunaxa ancestors knew the homelands—including the extreme mountainous terrain within akalsimuq.



Here's a piece of a map Father De Smet made in 1851. It shows where different Indigenous groups lived. You can see the Okanagan people; as well as the Shuyelpe (or Kettle Falls Indians, also known as the Sinixt); the Lower Pendoreille people; the Ktunaxa (Skalsi or Kootenay, Lower Kootenay were also called Arcs-a-plats (Flatbow) and sometimes, Lakes Indians); and the, Salish Flathead, Upper Pendoreille, and Kalispel people.



March Trails Training: Over the past year and a half several ?a·knusti (Ktunaxa land guardians) have been learning about horsemanship from Alfred Joseph. Their knowledge and skills will be put to good use toward The Trails Project, which is a multi-year initiative to map Ktunaxa trails, including the Spirit Trail along the east side of Columbia Lake. From left to right: Levi Soles, Jared Cayenne, Laine Twigg and Curtis Luke, with Alfred in front. Blaine Burgoyne photo. Learn more at www.ktunaxahakqyit.org/the-trails-project.



Nasu?kin Cheryl Casimer congratulates Rosemary Phillips on her retirement from Ktunaxa Nation Council in April. Casimer was presenting to staff at KNC during a "Ktunaxa Talks" series. Phillips was most recently Communications Advisor at KNC, but her work with the Nation council spans three decades and also includes a recent stint as CAO.

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application form below!



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Seven Nations Soaring Eagle: Construction proceeds apace

By Shane Stewart

Construction is progressing well. Greyback construction and King Creek Construction continue to do a great job.

Currently the lodge is being roofed in and the four dwellings are being drywalled.

Mechanical workshop framing is complete and ready for roofers.

Ktunaxa Nation Council are going to be project managing the existing house renovation on behalf of Lower Kootenay Band.

The house renovation consists of new siding, new roof, new kitchen, new bathroom, new flooring, removal of the carport, and back deck. This will be in keeping with the rest of the dwellings and lodge.

Greyback should have the large dwellings and workshop complete by October or November.

The house renovation will be complete by the end of October.

The KNC are also organizing all of the furniture and fixtures for all buildings including the house renovation and will be organizing all of the furniture and fixtures in November and December.

The Seven Nation, Soaring Eagle Treatment Centre Society staff will get to use the facilities in early 2026 to be ready for clients in April of 2026.

For further information visit: www.7nsetc.com

WHO ARE THE SEVEN NATIONS?

Dãkelh Dené

Ktunaxa ktunaxa.org

Nlaka'pamux nntc.ca

Secwépemc tkemlups.ca

St'át'imc statimc.ca

Syilx syilx.org

Tŝilhqot'in tsilhqotin.ca





Kinquqanki

Ktunaxa Nation partners with Nature Conservancy of Canada to restore important grasslands with a prescribed burn

Work has begun on a five-year project ingrown with trees, creating unhealthy, Lake—Lot 48 Conservation Area on the grassland habitat. east side of Columbia Lake. Crews have started thinning trees in preparation for a low intensity burn treatment in 2026.

Ktunaxa name: kinquqanki. The word ?akisqnuk elders, the Traditional Knowledge and Language Advisory Committee and the Lands Advisory Working Group, and has been historically used to describe Armstrong's Range.

Collaboration

The Ktunaxa Nation Council. ?akisonuk First Nation and the Nature Conservancy of Canada (NCC) are collaborating on the ecosystem restoration project on the conservation lands, which are held and managed by NCC. This restoration project has substantial funding support from Columbia Basin Trust.

"This work brings traditional Ktunaxa burning practices back to the landscape,' said Kathryn Teneese, Ktunaxa Nation Council Chair. "The east side of Columbia Lake has always been important to us, so it's a good place to collaborate on projects like this."

Ecosystem restoration

For thousands of years, Ktunaxa ?aklsmaknik used seasonal, low-intensity "This project demonstrates the Ktunaxa and wildlife populations.

After burning practices were banned in the 1890s by the colonial government,

many areas (like Lot 48) started to become

to restore the grasslands of Columbia suppressed forest stands and reducing

Alfred Joseph, an elder of ?akisqnuk First Nation, recalls when the east side of Columbia Lake was a vital part of com-This project can be referred to by its munity life. "I remember when you could gallop a horse through these lands. It's (pronounced kin-kook-an-key) was identime to restore that balance, for the sake tified through many conversations with of the grasslands and future generations."

The steps involved

Thinning operations are being led by local contractors, including Seven Feathers Contracting, which is owned and staffed by ?akisqnuk First Nation members.

Ktunaxa ?a·knusti (land guardians) have established fire effects plots, and will revisit them after the burn (which is planned for spring, 2026), then every year until 2029.

Guided by an ecosystem restoration plan developed in collaboration with fire ecologist and burn boss Colleen Ross, the process will rejuvenate native grasses, create better grazing habitat, and reduce wildfire

We are excited to see the continuation of this important restoration work," said Richard Klafki, Nature Conservancy of Canada program director. "Since conserving Lot 48 in 2011, we have been working towards this type of partnership with the Ktunaxa Nation to bring managed fire back to the landscape."

?a·kinquku in the Rocky Mountain Trench Nation's commitment to protecting our to maintain healthy grassland vegetation ancestral lands," Teneese said. "But it also serves as a template for future restoration The ecosystem was 'fire-maintained,' with work, including potential efforts within the fire sweeping through every 10 to 15 years. adjacent Columbia Lake Provincial Park. We are glad to be working with such dedicated partners."



April, 2025: Allan Nicholas (Seven Feathers Contracting & Consulting) thinning a ?a·kukp+u+a+ thicket in preparation for next year's prescribed burning. Photo courtesy Virginia Hermanson, NCC





From Beads 'n' Bites to Harvard U:

Jordan Sam talks about his trip with Sophie Pierre this spring





My experience with the Harvard Project first began in January, 2025, when I was approached by a member of the Education and Employment sector while attending a 'Beads-n-Bites' workshop at the Ktunaxa Nation building.

It was there I heard about Chief Sophie Pierre's accomplishment with the Harvard Project, and the conversation shifted towards me possibly accompanying her at her inauguration ceremony in Boston.

This had me shocked at first from both the feelings of excitement and disbelief. I felt honoured that Chief Pierre recognized something in me enough to want me to accompany her and I knew this would be an unmatched learning experience.

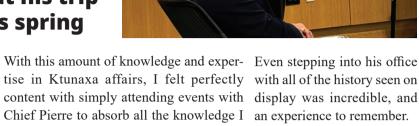
As a Finance Intern at Ktunaxa Nation Council, as well as a fourth-year Business student at College of the Rockies, I am always eager to learn and to put my academic knowledge to test. And what better way to expand my education than to visit one of the prestigious and renowned academic institutions in the world—Harvard University?

I have known Chief Pierre for many years, albeit through a distance. Our experience with each other grew more when we were both part of the Finance Board in 2021 to the Ktunaxa Nation with regards to minwhen I first began learning and working in ing in traditional territories and I am happy finance.

Chief Pierre's extensive background with researched many individuals who we would Ktunaxa economic development and financial history.

It was educational at the time to learn about these aspects, but I never had a full-on discussion with Chief Pierre. This changed during the week we had in Boston.

Each day of the Harvard University trip, I distinctly remember a moment where I learned something new, and incredible, about Chief Sophie Pierre's involvement in Ktunaxa Nation governance, development, and leadership.



This was indeed the role that I assigned the opportunity to attend a myself for the most part, visiting and net- lecture for one of the oneworking with the hosts we had at Harvard week intensive Indigenous University while allowing Chief Pierre to tell her story.

for the Harvard Project, Chief Pierre had something in store for me.

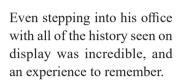
During one of the scheduled sessions with a Nation Building class, I was given the opportunity to co-host a presentation with Chief Pierre on the history of the Impact Management Benefit Agreement (IMBA) with Teck (now Elk Valley Coal) and how

While I had experience with presentations and guiding discussions in the past, nothing could have fully prepared me to talk in front of Harvard University students and faculty knowing that each of them was a member of such a prestigious school.

Nonetheless, I feel confident that I gave an informative presentation along with Chief Pierre about the IMBA and its importance I was given this opportunity.

During this time, I learned more about In my preparation before the trip, I meet with to be aware of any background information if it came up in discussions. There were many noteworthy people I had the privilege of meeting during the week in Cambridge, but perhaps one of the highest esteemed individuals was Jeremy Weinstein, the Dean of Harvard Kennedy

> I found his accolades to be exceptional and it was amazing that he spent time with Chief Pierre and I to discuss various Indigenous topics within governance and leadership.



During the week, I also had studies courses that is offered.

This course centred on And while I would have felt satisfied with Nation Building and how, since the 1980s this being my entire learning experience and 1990s, some First Nations have thrived with the resources they have through great self-determination and governance. I found this to be very relevant to my capstone project that I'm working on for my bachelor's degree, and through just one lecture, I was able gather useful information for part of my research.

> During the reception on the first night, it was a great experience to meet so many of the young Indigenous professionals who were taking this course and to each share who we are and where we came from.

> This was similar to when Chief Pierre and I were invited to HUNAP, the Harvard University Native American Program, where we shared the Ktunaxa creation story with HUNAP students.

> Some students chose to share their own creation stories with us and it was amazing to hear them and the different cultures that makeup HUNAP. And, like all of the sites we visited and fantastic hosts we met with, Chief Pierre and I made sure to give a gift

> For HUNAP, we brought a copy of *qapki*! as well as MMIW and Orange Shirt Day t-shirts for students to choose from.

It was an incredible opportunity to be a part of Chief Sophie Pierre's introduction as Kennedy School.

I learned so much over the course of the week in Boston from our talks with prominent Harvard University figures, to pre-



sentations by Chief Sophie Pierre, to the lecture I was able to attend. I feel inspired to be more active in shaping the future for the Ktunaxa Nation.

Since coming home, I have inquired about becoming part of the IMBA task force committee. Even if that does not work out, I am happy to continue with being part of the Finance, Audit and Investment Committee at ?akisqnuk in any way I can.

Not only did this opportunity allow me to learn from a great leader within the Ktunaxa Nation, but it also gave me a glimpse into post-undergraduate academics.

As I come closer to completing my bachelor's degree, I am increasingly wondering what's in store for the future. Navigating through Harvard University and seeing what life is like at such a renowned academic institution has given me inspiration to academically apply myself even further, this time at a larger school. Graduate school is certainly not out of the realm of possibilities, and possibly, even at Harvard University. No matter what's in store for the future, I feel grateful to complete part of my post-secondary education locally. I would like to thank each of those who encouraged me to complete my education at College of the Rockies and I recognize how education has allowed me to participate in opportunities such as this one. I thank Chief Sophie the Inaugural Senior Fellow in Indigenous Pierre for allowing me to join her in Boston, Governance and Leadership at Harvard and I thank the Education & Employment sector for encouraging me to pursue this opportunity to broaden my educational perspective and experiences.



Ktunaxa Land Declaration draft shared at 2025 Yaqan Nukiy Pow Wow

By Ray Warden

After numerous engagement sessions with Ktunaxa Elders, Leadership and Ktunaxa people here and abroad, the *Ktunaxa Land Declaration* was approved by Ktunaxa Nation Leadership on April 23, 2025. Planing is underway to make the grand announcement at the July KNC Annual General Assembly. As a primer, the Declaration was announced at the Yaqan Nukiy Pow Wow on May 17 by nasu?kin Jason Louie, with Ktunaxa leadership and dignitaries in attendance.

Left to right: Cherie Luke (yaqan nu?kiy), Alfred Joseph (?akisq́nuk First Nation), Yaq́it ?a·knuqŧi'it Nasu?kin Heidi Gravelle, Chris Luke, nasu?kin Jason Louie and Robin Louie (yaqan nu?kiy), Julie Birdstone and Jason Andrew (?aq́am), Pete Sanchez (Yaq́it ?a·knuqŧi'it), and Dallas Cardinal (?aq́am). We look forward to sharing the *Ktunaxa Land Declaration* on July 17 at the AGA at ?aq́am.

The 2026 Yaqan Nukiy Pow Wow is coming up in 11 short months! Get in early by following Yaqan Nukiy Pow Wow on Facebook, or by emailing powwowyaqannukiy@gmail.com.

